

Instructions for Authors

1. Article Processing Charge (APC), Publication Fee

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2. Scope of the Journal

Legestic is an international, peer-reviewed scientific journal. We publish high-quality original scientific articles and review articles. The journal focuses on the theory, philosophy and practice of legislation. The journal focuses primarily on legislation, discussion of current legal issues and proposals for changes to legislation. Legestic accepts articles and reviews articles from all areas of private and public law, such as civil law, criminal law, state law, civil law, business law, intellectual property law, medical law, culture and sports law and other areas of law. In the Legestic journal, we publish comments on legal regulations, critical opinions, reflections, expert analyses, case law analyses, and studies on legislation's impact on citizens' and institutions' functioning. Articles can concentrate on legislative issues within a single jurisdiction but we prefer if they are relevant to other jurisdictions as well. Also, it is possible to publish high-quality, interdisciplinary articles by scholars in the Legestic journal. A combination of other relevant disciplines, such as legislative studies and political science, public policy, regulation, governance, economics, culture and sport, is of interest to our readers. We welcome articles created by an international collective of authors that bring a new perspective to solving theoretical aspects of law and practical legal issues.

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4. Journal Information

JOURNAL TITLE AND LOGO

Legestic



INTERNATIONAL ABBREVIATION OF THE JOURNAL

Legestic

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The journal is published only in electronic version (PDF). Articles are published continuously throughout the year. All papers are published within a single annual volume (January–December), constantly updating as new papers are added.

8. Indexation

Journal is indexed in:

- CrossRef: <https://www.crossref.org>
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- The article text is formatted according to our article template.

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- The author should submit a maximum of 3 articles during the year.

- The author can be a co-author in a maximum of three articles annually.

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We publish:

1. Original scientific articles.
2. Reviews articles.

ARTICLE STRUCTURE

The structure of the original scientific article:

- Title
- Abstract
- Keywords
- 1. Introduction
 - 1.1 Scientific Hypothesis
 - 1.2 Objectives
- 2. Methodology
 - 2.1 Research Design and Approach
 - 2.2 Source of Data
 - 2.3 Methodological Framework
 - 2.4 Analytical Techniques
 - 2.5 Statistical Analysis
- 3. Results and Discussion
- 4. Conclusion
- References
- Funds
- Acknowledgements
- Competing Interests
- Ethical Statement
- AI Statement
- Contact Address

The structure of the review article:

- Title
- Abstract
- Keywords
- 1. Introduction
 - 1.1 Background and Context
 - 1.2 Objectives of the Review
- 2. Methodology
- 3. Main body
- 4. Discussion
- 5. Conclusion
- References
- Funds
- Acknowledgements
- Competing Interests
- Ethical Statement
- AI Statement
- Contact Address

LENGTH OF THE PAPER

The Introduction section, materials and methodology, results and discussion and conclusion must have min. 2500 words and max. 10000 words. Note: abstract, references, acknowledgement, and contact address are not counted in this range. We are selecting and publishing only well-prepared manuscripts with the potential to have an impact on readers, researchers, practice and to be cited in other journals. We reserve the right to select the manuscripts after submission to our journal.

DESCRIPTION OF INDIVIDUAL CHAPTERS

1. Introduction

Xxx [1], [2] xxx [3]. Add a short introduction to your article. Scientific background is provided. Citations should be numbered in brackets [1] and bolded. Example: Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet elit, sed do eiusmod temp [1]. Lorem ipsum dolor eiusmod [2]. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet elit, sed do eiusmod tempor [3]. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet elit, sed do eiusmod tempor [4], [5], [6]. We are linking citations in text with references in the reference list. It is important that all references are listed in the reference list.

1.1 Scientific Hypothesis

Text xxx Do not delete this chapter, provide your scientific hypothesis (Short description, what did you study and consequently statistically evaluated). **Scientific hypothesis** is a type of assumption; it is a sentence, a statement that scientists formulate when they would like to explain certain groups of phenomena or events at a certain level of knowledge, and the hypothesis tries to explain them. A hypothesis is a claim or a system of assertions that can not be decided at the time of its formulation to be true or untrue. For a hypothesis to be a scientific hypothesis, the scientific method requires that one can test it. Scientists generally base scientific hypotheses on previous observations that cannot satisfactorily be explained with the available scientific theories. Scientific hypotheses have to be tested with statistical methods. **EXAMPLES: Legislative Impact Hypotheses:** "The introduction of stricter penalties for cybercrime significantly reduces the number of reported incidents." "Decentralized governance models improve the efficiency of legislative enforcement compared to centralized systems." "There is no significant relationship between the length of legislative text and its interpretability by legal practitioners." **Criminal Law Hypotheses:** "Mandatory minimum sentencing laws significantly deter repeat offenses among first-time offenders." "The implementation of body-worn cameras by law enforcement does not significantly affect the number of misconduct allegations." "There is a positive correlation between the complexity of legal language in penal codes and the rate of misinterpretation in court rulings." **Business Law Hypotheses:** "The adoption of corporate social responsibility policies has a statistically significant impact on the financial performance of companies." "There is no significant relationship between the number of board members in a company and its compliance with tax regulations." "Changes in international trade agreements significantly affect the operational costs of export-dependent companies." **Medical Law Hypotheses:** "Legislation mandating informed consent improves patient satisfaction in healthcare institutions." "There is no significant difference in the quality of care provided by institutions with mandatory electronic health records compared to those without." "The implementation of telemedicine laws significantly increases access to healthcare in rural areas." **Intellectual Property Law Hypotheses:** "Stronger copyright protection laws significantly increase the market value of creative works in the digital marketplace." "There is no significant relationship between patent application complexity and approval rates across jurisdictions." "Open licensing policies significantly enhance innovation in technology startups." **Cultural and Sports Law Hypotheses:** "Government subsidies for sports development significantly increase the participation rates of youth in organized sports." "There is no significant relationship between cultural heritage protection laws and the revenue generated by heritage tourism." "Stricter anti-doping legislation reduces the incidence of doping violations in professional sports." **Interdisciplinary Legislative Hypotheses:** "The integration of AI-based tools in legislative drafting improves the accuracy and clarity of legal documents." "There is a statistically significant effect of international climate change agreements on national renewable energy policies." "Policies promoting gender equality in legislative bodies lead to a statistically significant increase in the representation of minority groups."

1.1 Objectives

Primary objectives: Xxx Objectives outline the purpose and goals of the study or research. They define what the study intends to explore, investigate, or test. State your objectives. Clearly state primary and secondary objectives (if applicable).

2. Methodology

Text xxx This chapter provides a detailed explanation of how the research was conducted, ensuring transparency and reproducibility. It should describe the overall research process and justify the chosen methods. The focus is on how the study answers the scientific hypothesis.

2.1 Research Design and Approach

Text xxx The Research Design and Approach section defines the type of study, such as qualitative, quantitative, or mixed-methods, and explains the overall research design, including doctrinal analysis, case study, or experimental study, while justifying why this design was appropriate for addressing the research question or hypothesis and mentioning any guiding theoretical framework.

2.2 Source of Data

Text xxx The Source of Data section identifies the sources of data or information used, such as primary legal texts, case law, treaties, statutes, surveys, or interviews, describing the scope of data collection in terms of jurisdiction, time frame, or selection criteria, and explaining their relevance to the research.

2.3 Methodological Framework

Text xxx The Methodological Framework section details the specific methodology applied, such as doctrinal analysis, empirical analysis, or policy evaluation, explaining its step-by-step implementation and discussing any limitations or constraints.

2.4 Analytical Techniques

Text xxx The Analytical Techniques section specifies the techniques used to analyse the data, such as content analysis, thematic coding, legal reasoning, or computational models, describing any tools or software employed and how the techniques were applied to interpret the data.

2.5 Statistical analysis

Text xxx The Statistical Analysis section, if applicable, describes the statistical methods used, such as regression analysis, chi-square tests, or t-tests, providing details on data preparation, significance thresholds, and validation of results to ensure the reliability of quantitative findings.

3. Results and Discussion

Text xxx The Results and Discussion chapter presents the findings of the study in a clear and logical manner, using tables, figures, or graphs to summarize data where appropriate, focusing on key trends and observations directly linked to the hypothesis while avoiding interpretation. The discussion interprets the results in the context of the hypothesis, comparing findings with previous studies, identifying contributions, discussing implications for theory, legislation, or practice, addressing limitations, and suggesting directions for future research, ensuring the findings are critically evaluated and their significance clearly articulated.

3.1 Subchapter

Text xxx

3.1.1 Subchapter

Text xxx

Table 1 Title of the table.

	XXX		XXX		
	A (XX ±SD)	B (XX ±SD)	B (XX ±SD)	C (XX ±SD)	D (XX ±SD)
A	1	1	1	1	1
B	2	2	2	2	2
C	3	3	3	3	3
D	4	4	4	4	4

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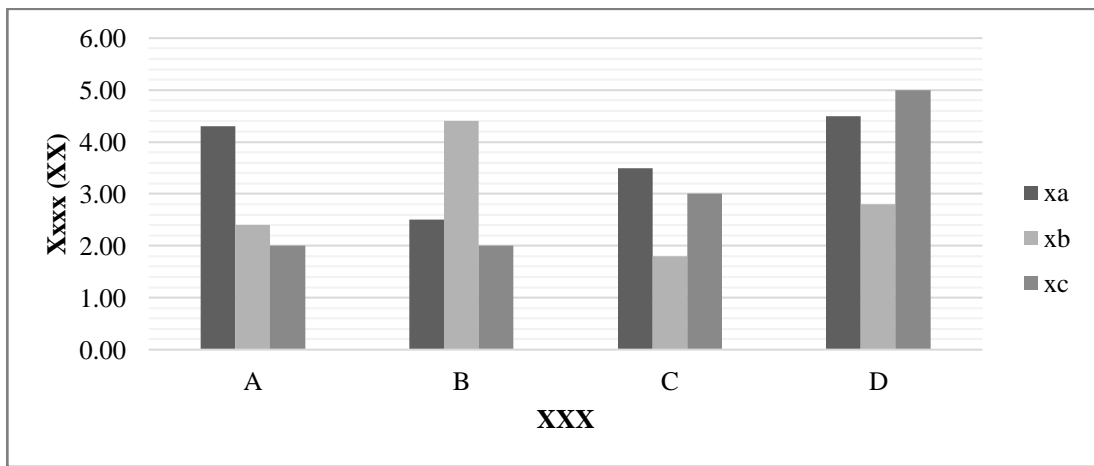


Figure 1 Title of the image.

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CONCLUSION

Text xxx Provide a concise summary of the most important results of your study, emphasizing findings that are directly relevant and citable by other researchers. Highlight the key significance statements, drawing clear connections to the study's objectives and hypotheses. Include actionable recommendations, if applicable, to guide future research, policy, or practice. Ensure the conclusion is focused, impactful, and aligns with the evidence presented in the results and discussion sections.

REFERENCES

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2. XXX
3. XXX

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References should be in **APA style**.

References should be numbered.

References should be in English!!!! If you have a reference in a different language, it should be translated to English, and information about the native language should be provided.

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1. Zajác, P., Beňová, E., Židek, R., Čapla, J., Benešová, L., Čurlej, J., & Golian, J. (2021). Detection of adulteration of traditional Slovak bryndza ewe's cheese with cow's lump cheese by isoelectric focusing of gamma caseins. In International Journal of Food Properties (Vol. 24, Issue 1, pp. 1034–1060). Informa UK Limited. <https://doi.org/10.1080/10942912.2021.1953066> this is an example of an **article** reference
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3. Aron, L., Botella, M., & Lubart, T. (2019). Culinary arts: Talent and their development. In R. F. Subotnik, P. Olszewski-Kubilius, & F. C. Worrell (Eds.), The psychology of high performance: Developing human potential into domain-specific talent (pp. 345–359). American Psychological Association. <https://doi.org/10.1037/0000120-016> this is an example of a **chapter in book** reference
4. International Organization for Standardization. (2018). Occupational health and safety management systems—Requirements with guidance for use (ISO Standard No. 45001:2018). <https://www.iso.org/standard/63787.html>
5. Kushilevitz, E., & Malkin, T. (Eds.). (2016). Lecture notes in computer science: Vol. 9562. Theory of cryptography. Springer. <https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-662-49096-9> this is an example of a **conference proceeding** reference
6. Kabir, J. M. (2016). Factors influencing customer satisfaction at a fast food hamburger chain: The relationship between customer satisfaction and customer loyalty (Publication No. 10169573) [Doctoral dissertation, Wilmington University]. ProQuest Dissertations & Theses Global. <https://www.xxx.org/123> this is an example of a **dissertation thesis** reference
7. Somatic cells. (2019, December 8). In Wikipedia. [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Somatic_\(biology\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Somatic_(biology)) this is an example of a **web** reference
8. Food law 152/1995 Col. SR. Retrieved from <https://www.slov-lex.sk/pravne-predpisy/SK/ZZ/1995/152/20210525> this is an example of a **legislation** reference
9. Regulation (EC) No 852/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 on the hygiene of foodstuffs. Retrieved from <http://data.europa.eu/eli/reg/2004/852/2021-03-24> this is an example of a **legislation** reference
10. Bevitt, A. J. (2018). Litter, waste disposal and recycling app. (Australian Patent No. AU 2018100960). IP Australia. <http://pericles.ipaustralia.gov.au/ols/auspat/applicationDetails.do?applicationNo=2018100960> this is an example of a **patent** reference

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- Extensive introduction without a clearly defined objective of work,
- A description of the methodology does not assess the reliability of results in comparison with other works,
- Too extensive documentation of literature,
- A discussion is just a form of presentation of results without critical insights and confrontation with literature,
- The conclusions are repeated elements in the abstract.

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- Revision of corrected materials by Editor (Editor's decision)
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- Communication with author
- Revision of corrected article by Editor
- Communication with author
- Final English grammar proofreading
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An initial review: 14 days

Review: 60 days

Publication: 90 days

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